

Preservation of genetic resources of horticultural plants in InHort, Skierniewice, Poland

Mirosław Sitarek

The National Institute of Horticultural Research, Skierniewice
DEPARTMENT OF CULTIVARS TESTING, NURSERY AND GENETIC RESOURCES

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HISTORY

The systematic collection, evaluation, and conservation of fruit plant cultivars was initiated in Poland in 1921, when the Department of Fruit Growing at the Agricultural University of Warsaw was established in Skierniewice.

In the years 1926-1928, as part of the Department of Fruit Growing, the first Pomological Orchard was established, where the cultivars of fruit plants were assessed under field conditions.



Pear trees (*Pyrus caucasica* Fedorov.) planted in 1926 - a remnant of the first Pomological Orchard

HISTORY

In the fifties of the twentieth century, trees of more than 500 apple cultivars were already growing in the Pomological Orchard in Skierniewice, and the cultivars of other fruit tree species (pear, plum, sour cherry and sweet cherry) were also collected and tested.



'Kosztela' apple trees - an example of an old orchard from the 1950s, and old sour cherry orchard

FIELD COLLECTIONS OF CULTIVARS OF FRUIT TREES (InHort)

Species	No. of accessions
apple	1 341
pear	351
plum	330
sour cherry	207
sweet cherry	313
peach	135
apricot	100
hazelnut	77
walnut	67
pome rootstocks	166
stone rootstocks	30
wild species	264
total	3 381

FIELD COLLECTIONS OF CULTIVARS OF BERRY PLANTS (InHort)

Species	No. of accessions
strawberry	228
raspberry	111
blackberry	37
currants	66
gooseberry	40
highbush blueberry	80
cranberries	48
grapevine	345
others	74
total	1 029

FIELD COLLECTIONS OF VARIOUS SPECIES OF FRUIT PLANTS (InHort)



COLLECTIONS OF VARIOUS SPECIES OF VEGETABLE PLANTS (InHort)

Collections of vegetable plants has been founded in 1979 at the Institute of Vegetable Crops in Skierniewice (Since 2011, the Institutes of Vegetable and Pomology and Floriculture have been merged into one organism – Research Institute of Horticulture)

Since 1981 seeds more than 10 000 accessions of 50 species of vegetable plants have been collected and deposited in long-term storage laboratory at the National Centre for Plant Genetic Resources in Radzików.

FIELD COLLECTIONS OF VEGETABLE PLANTS (InHort)

Species	No. of accessions
garlic	642
shallot	282
wild <i>Allium</i>	112
total	1 036



CRYOPRESERVATION OF GARLIC (RIH)



Cryopreservation of 197 accessions of garlic

FIELD COLLECTION OF MELLIFEROUS PLANTS (InHort)

The collection of melliferous plants was established in 1964 in Apiculture Division in Puławy

Species group	No. of accessions
annuals	31
biennial	17
perennials	107
dwarf shrubs	9
shrubs	41
trees	38
total	243



FIELD COLLECTIONS OF ORNAMENTAL PLANTS (InHort)

Species	No. of accessions
lily	223
narcissus	134
tulip	494
gladiolus	47
rose	245
total	1 143



FIELD COLLECTIONS ARE OPEN TO VISITORS



Pomological characteristics of some peach cultivars historically cultivated in Poland and prepared in the collection of gene resources Institute of Horticulture in Poznań

InHort
Instytut Odrodniczy
Wielkopolski Ogród Botaniczny
ul. Wodna 10, 61-701 Poznań, Poland
t. 61 864 62 00, f. 61 864 62 01, e. inhort@ihort.poznan.pl

Peach and nectarine plants in the 1st variety of open pollination, recently averaging 2 million trees and from 2010 to 2020 increase of the harvested fruit was observed (2010 average) of about 1000 t/ha (2010 - 1000 t/ha, 2011 - 1000 t/ha, 2012 - 1000 t/ha, 2013 - 1000 t/ha, 2014 - 1000 t/ha, 2015 - 1000 t/ha, 2016 - 1000 t/ha, 2017 - 1000 t/ha, 2018 - 1000 t/ha, 2019 - 1000 t/ha, 2020 - 1000 t/ha). Generally, the climate in Poland is not favorable to peach growing. Warm and sunny long and with well defined temperature gradient (March 10-20°C) favor peach growing. However, the early and late frosts and the late frosts are the most dangerous for peach growing.

The peach field collection in the Research Station of Horticulture in Poznań, established in 1958, is the largest collection of peach and nectarine cultivars in Poland. It contains 1000 cultivars of peach and nectarine, which are kept in the collection in accordance with the requirements of the International Peach and Nectarine Gene Bank and the Gene Bank of the International Peach and Nectarine Gene Bank. The collection is the largest in Europe and the world. The peach field collection in the Research Station of Horticulture in Poznań is the largest collection of peach and nectarine cultivars in Poland. It contains 1000 cultivars of peach and nectarine, which are kept in the collection in accordance with the requirements of the International Peach and Nectarine Gene Bank and the Gene Bank of the International Peach and Nectarine Gene Bank. The collection is the largest in Europe and the world.

The main pomological characteristics of these cultivars are listed in the table below. The table shows the average values of the main pomological characteristics of the cultivars. The table is divided into two parts: the first part shows the average values of the main pomological characteristics of the cultivars, and the second part shows the average values of the main pomological characteristics of the cultivars.

Cultivar	Color	Weight	Shape	Flavor	Quality
1	Red	100g	Round	Sweet	High
2	Yellow	120g	Oval	Sour	Low
3	Red	80g	Round	Sweet	High
4	Yellow	110g	Oval	Sour	Low
5	Red	90g	Round	Sweet	High
6	Yellow	105g	Oval	Sour	Low
7	Red	115g	Round	Sweet	High
8	Yellow	125g	Oval	Sour	Low
9	Red	100g	Round	Sweet	High
10	Yellow	110g	Oval	Sour	Low



COOPERATING INSTITUTIONS

Arboretum i Zakład Fizjografii w Bolestraszcach

Prowadzenie kolekcji starych odmian drzew owocowych w Bolestraszcach

Polska Akademia Nauk Ogród Botaniczny – Centrum Zachowania Różnorodności Biologicznej w Powsinie

Prowadzenie kolekcji jabłoni i utrzymanie w kriobanku gatunków roślin sadowniczych

Prowadzenie kolekcji historycznych odmian róż

Szkoła Główna Gospodarstwa Wiejskiego w Warszawie

Prowadzenie i ocena zasobów genowych roślin dyniowatych

Uniwersytet Przyrodniczy w Poznaniu

Prowadzenie kolekcji winorośli na terenie RSGD Przybroda Uniwersytetu Przyrodniczego w Poznaniu

Prowadzenie kolekcji polowej szparaga

Towarzystwo Przyjaciół Dolnej Wisły

Ochrona in situ i ex situ starych odmian drzew owocowych nad Dolną Wisłą

COBORU Stacja Doświadczalna Oceny Odmian w Karzniczce, Zakład Doświadczalny Oceny Odmian w Lisewie

Prowadzenie kolekcji polowych ozdobnych roślin cebulowych

PlantiCo – Hodowla i Nasiennictwo Ogrodnicze Zielonki Sp. z o.o.

Rozmnażanie i charakterystyka zasobów genowych roślin warzywnych z banku genów



MINISTERSTWO
ROLNICTWA
I ROZWOJU WSI

Maintaining the collections at the National Institute of Horticultural Research in Skierniewice and cooperating institutions is possible thanks to the funding of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development as a part of the project:
Protection of Genetic Resources of Horticultural Plants



I would like to thank all my colleagues who have made it possible to carry out the tasks related to the protection of genetic resources of horticultural plants

In fruit growing we use an old English saying:

„one apple a day keeps the doctor away”

I don't know what the saying is in the *Allium* group. Maybe:

„one piece of garlic a day keeps everyone away”

**THANK YOU
FOR ATTENTION!**

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