







Adrian Rodríguez Burruezo **COMAV** Institute Universitat Politècnica València

EUROPEPLAND- Implementing a trans-EUROpean PEPper LANDrace collection for resilient agriculture 30 October 2024, Almeria, Spain



Short presentation of the institute



- ➤ The Instituto de Conservación y Mejora de la Agrodiversidad Valenciana (COMAV) is a Research Institute of the Universitat Politècnica de Valencia
- > Founded in 1999
- ➤ On the basis of its SeedBank (originally founded in the 80s)
- Aimed at conservation of plant genetic resources (PGRs) and their exploitation for plant breeding. Mainly vegetables (Solanaceae, cucurbitaceae, brassica, phaseolus).
- > Research lines very diverse.

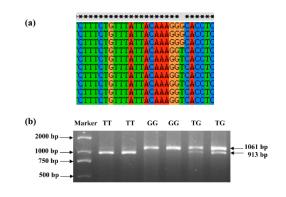
From basic seed multiplication and characterization (phenomic and genomic)

To GWAs, screenings for new sources of variation (pathogens, abiotic stress, quality), introgressions, experimental populations, valorization and improvement of landraces, etc.



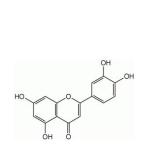
Capsicum Breeding group activities & Spanish diversity in peppers COMAV Institute - UPV

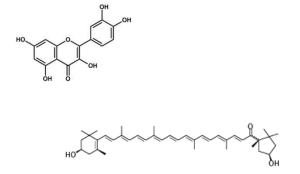


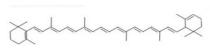














- forEVA
- > Capsicum fruits. One of the most important vegetables and spices in the World
 - Huge variation
 - Adapted to most regions in the World
 - Selected for a plethora of culinary uses as vegetable and/or spice (different ripening stages, fresh or draw, roasted, fried, pickled, canned, powder, etc.)

















- ➤ World production (just fresh) > 25 Mill. t
- ➤ China, Turkey, Mexico, Indonesia, Spain, USA,





■ 2022 production = 1.53 Mill. t (#2 vegetables) value > 1,600 Mill €
65% increase last 10 years

Tomato #1 = 3.65 Mill. t Onion #3 = 1.22 Mill. t Watermelon #4 = 1.17 Mill. t Lettuce #5 = 0.96 Mill. t

- Acreage = 22,250 ha (16,000 ha protected)
- Exports >400,000 t (value > 600 mill eur.)

➤ Among the main world producers of powder and oleoresins as food colorants







- A) Main Production/Exports
 - Almeria (El Ejido)
 - Murcia (C. Cartagena)
 - Alicante (Vega Baja)







B) Traditional sector















PIMIENTO













> PROBLEMS in the last years

COMPETENCE foreign countries outside the EU

LOWER Production costs

> OPPORTUNITIES

DIVERSIFYING THE PEPPER SECTOR IN SPAIN OFFERING NEW ATTRACTIVE PRODUCTS, BASED IN LANDRACES

NOTE: Increase of the demand on more healthy foods and/or coming from sustainable farming systems









MOREOVER: promoting the valorisation and use of landraces contributes to

- 1) On farm/in situ (dynamic) conservation of genetic resources
- 2) Mitigates genetic erosion process
- 3) Contributes to a more diversified and RESILIENT agrifood system

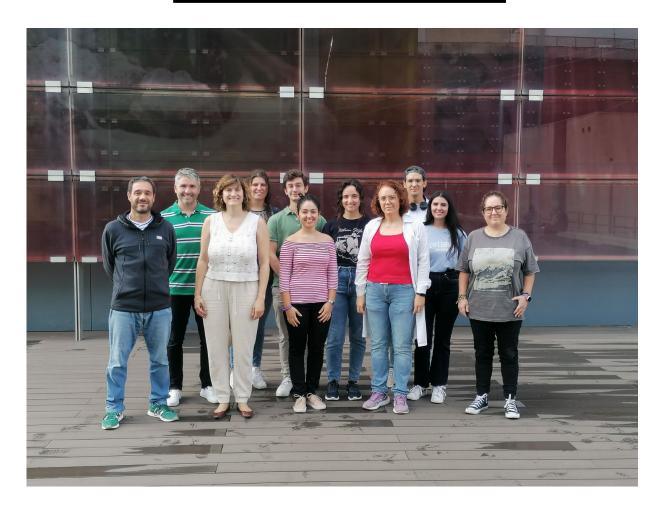






<u>COMAV-UPV Capsicum breeding team</u> <u>- Main research activities -</u>







1. Phenotyping and genotyping of large collections



National Project RF2004-00004-00-00 (2010-2014)



Frontiers | Frontiers in Plant Science

TYPE Original Research
PUBLISHED 30 October 2024
DOI 10.3389/fpls.2024.1435427

Pereira-Dias et al. Horticulture Research (2019)6:54 https://doi.org/10.1038/s41438-019-0132-8

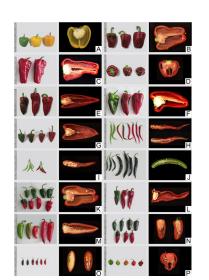
Horticulture Research

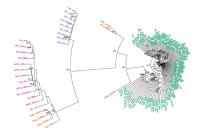
ARTICLE

Open Access

Genetic diversity, population structure, and relationships in a collection of pepper (*Capsicum* spp.) landraces from the Spanish centre of diversity revealed by genotyping-by-sequencing (GBS)

Leandro Pereira-Dias¹, Santiago Vilanova¹, Ana Fita¹, Jaime Prohens¹ and Adrián Rodríguez-Burruezo¹







Scientia Horticulturae 265 (2020) 10924

Contents lists available at ScienceItrect

Scientia Horticulturae

LISEVIER journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/scihorti

Phenomics of elite heirlooms of peppers (Capsicum annuum L.) from the Spanish centre of diversity: Conventional and high-throughput digital tools towards varietal typification

Leandro Pereira-Dias^a, Ana Fita^a,*, Santiago Vilanova^a, Elena Sánchez-López^b, Adrián Rodríguez-Burruezo^b

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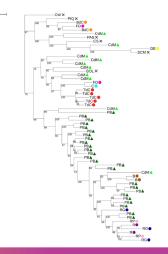
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RECEIVED 20 May 2024
ACCEPTED 17 September 2024
PUBLISHED 30 October 2024

Genetic diversity, population structure, and phylogeny of insular Spanish pepper landraces (*Capsicum annuum* L.) through phenotyping and genotypingby-sequencing

Neus Ortega-Albero¹, Lorenzo Barchi², Ana Fita¹, Miguel Díaz¹, Felipe Martínez¹, Joana-Maria Luna-Prohens³ and Adrián Rodríquez-Burruezo¹*

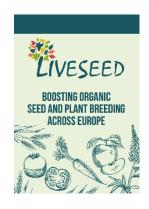








2. Valorisation landraces by adaptation to organic farming & quality



EU H2020 GA 727230 (2017-2020)



EU Horizon Europe GA 101059872 (2022-2026)

Spanish Ministry of Science

RTA2007-00026 (2008-2010)

RTA2010-00038-C03-03 (2010-2014)

CapsOrganics 1RTA2014-00041-C02-02
(2015-2019)

CapsOrganics 2PID2019-110221RR-C32
(2020-2023)

CapSostOMICs PID2022-137735OR-C33 (2023-2026)

Main issues

Evaluation of large collections of peppers for adaptation to organic and fruit quality

Selection of landraces

Development of improved lines of Spanish landraces by introgression of virus resistances, adaptation to organic farming & fruit quality

Hybridization & BCs

Sugars, flavonoids, carotenoids, ascorbic, OCVs





2. Valorisation landraces by adaptation to organic farming & quality

Regional Government of Valencia

Tesoro agroecológico de Villena (AGCOOP_A/2018/015)

Saf&Pepper (AGRVAL/2023/023)















Main issues

Evaluation of large collections of local wax peppers (pimiento blanco de villena) for adaptation to organic and fruit quality

Selection of landraces





2. Adaptation to organic farming & other low input conditions

Several from the Spanish Ministry of Science and Regional Government of Valencia

SOLECO

CIPROM/2021/020 (2015-2019)

HORTNEXT

AGROALNEXT/2022/027 (2022-2025)

InniPebra

PID2022-136529OR-C22 (2015-2019)

Main breeding issues

Low fertilization (NUE, PUE)
Low irrigation (drought)
Salinity conditions
Use of rootstocks
Root and soil interaction
Crop rotation brassica

agronomy

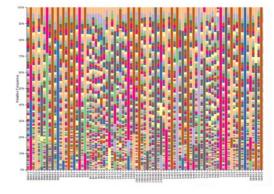
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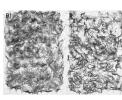
Main Root Adaptations in Pepper Germplasm (*Capsicum* spp.) to Phosphorus Low-Input Conditions

Leandro Pereira-Dias ¹, Daniel Gil-Villar ¹, Vincente Castell-Zeising ², Ana Quiñones ³, Ángeles Calatayud ³, Adrián Rodríguez-Burruezo ¹ and Ana Fita ¹,*

Agronomy **2020**, 10, 637; doi:10.3390/agronomy10050637













Articl

Root–Soil Interactions for Pepper Accessions Grown under Organic and Conventional Farming

Ivan I. Morales-Manzo ¹, Ana M. Ribes-Moya ¹, Claudia Pallotti ¹, Ana Jimenez-Belenguer ^{2,*}, Clara Pérez Moro ¹, María Dolores Raigón ¹, Adrián Rodríguez-Burruezo ¹ and Ana Fita ^{1,*}



ETC.



3. Other studies at genetic diversity in landraces, fruit quality, GWAS

PEPPER 4 NUT (2022-2025)

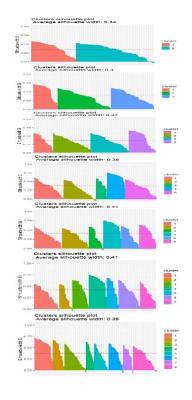


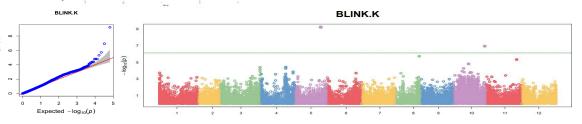














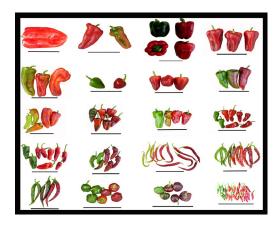
Your institute's pepper landraces collection



This enabled us identifying 40 Spanish accessions for EuroPepLand among:

- > Materials from our Seedbank BGV tested and characterised in our previous works
- Materials among PDOs, PGIs, other quality labels tried in our works
- Local endemisms. wax peppers from Villena, Balearic & Canary islands







Representing/encompassing not only genetic diversity itself, or morphological, but also different responses to growing conditions, stress, quality factors



THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!!







